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## Verification of ICN Usability in Characterizing System Crosstalk

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## **ICN Definition**

- ICN (Integrated Crosstalk Noise) early defined in the 10GBase-CR4/10 cable standards is used in CEI-25G standard and nowadays discussed in 802.3bj standards.
- It is rarely seen the correlation document in reliability and usability of ICN in the industry, so verifying the usability of ICN in characterizing link crosstalk noise through test comparison is important for 25G system applications.

$$MDNEXT_{loss}(f) = -10 \times \log_{10} \left( \sum_{i=0}^{all NEXTs} 10^{-(NLi(f))/10} \right) (dB)$$

$$Where,$$

$$NLi(f) represents the individual crosstalk frequency responses.$$
And MDNEXT represents the power-sum near end crosstalks.  

$$W(f) \text{ gives the weight at each frequency } f_n. \text{ It serves as a low-pass filter.}$$

$$A_{nt} \text{ represents the peak-to-peak amplitude of aggressors in mV.}$$

$$\sigma_{nx} = \left(2\Delta f \sum_{n} W_{nt}(f_n) 10^{-MDNEXT_{nx}}(f_n) 10^{1/2} \right)^{1/2}$$

$$Total ICN of both near-end and far-end crosstalks, it is defined as the RMS sum of ICN-next and ICN-fext. for 50 MHz \le f \le f_b$$
(Integration range)



## **ICN Usability Questions**

To learn whether ICN is usable in a PCB system or not, several questions should be answered:

- 1. Is ICN equivalent to time domain crosstalk noise?
- 2. Does the assumption of ICN -- RMS sum of single crosstalk noise results in a total crosstalk noise -- stand?
- 3. Does the total crosstalk noise from multiple aggressors equals to the RMS sum of each single aggressor crosstalk ICN? Which means that does the crosstalk power sum algorithm stand in the multi-crosstalk scenarios?





## **ICN Verification Method**

The ICN verification procedure is quite straightforward and depends on the correlation with test.

- 1. ICN verification of Single crosstalk noise;
  - 1) Test the single-aggressor crosstalk noise RMS value  $n_i$ ;
  - 2) Test the amplitude and edge value of the single aggressor, calculate the single aggressor crosstalk ICN  $\sigma_i$ ;

$$\mathbf{3} \, \sigma_i = n_i$$

- 2. Multi-Crosstalk noise RMS sum verification;
  - 1) Test the single-aggressor crosstalk noise RMS value  $n_i$ ;
  - 2) Test the multi-aggressor crosstalk total RMS noise N;

$$\mathbf{3}) N = \sum_{i} RMS_{sum} n_i$$

3. RMS sum verification of single crosstalk ICN (i.e. crosstalk power sum verification of single crosstalk S- parameter) in calculating multi-aggressor total crosstalk noise.

1) Calculate each single aggressor crosstalk ICN value  $\sigma_i$  according to each aggressor's amplitude and edge, then calculate the multi-aggressor crosstalk total noise ICN through RMS sum,  $\sigma = \sum_{RMS\_sum} \sigma_i$ ;

2) Test the multi-aggressor crosstalk total noise RMS value N;

3) 
$$\sigma = N$$



## **Verification Setup**

Test environment (Instruments and boards):

	Tektronix Bertscope (working range:16~28G)
Test instruments	Agilent DCA-X 86100D + 86117A (equivalent sampling scope, bandwidth: 32/50GHz)
	Agilent DSA-X-93204A (real time sampling scope with 80G sample rate and 32GHz bandwidth)
SerDes	IBM 25G SerDes DEMO board
Dessive link	WHISPER360 orthogonal connector test board
Passive link	XCEDEORTHOG 270oC 85ohm orthogonal connector test board

>> For crosstalk noise test:

- 1) Equivalent sampling scope:
  - trigger in free run mode
  - noise RMS value is acquired through histogram measurement
- 2) Real time sampling scope (RT scope):
  - at least 50000UI time span's sample should be acquired
  - noise RMS value is acquired through histogram measurement
- >> For stimulus amplitude / edge test:

PRBS31 is used to emulate real traffic data. Amplitude / edge is acquired from multiple measurements for each case.



## Single Crosstalk ICN Usability Test \_\_Experiment1

### Aggressor characteristics: Bertscope, 25Gbps, RBS31, PRBS7 Crosstalk channel: Whisper 360 connector test board Whisper360 A2A3-B2B3 Whisper360 A5A6-B2B3 Whisper360 B5B6-B2B3 0.35 equ-scope equ-scope equ-scope 0.9 rt-scope rt-scope rt-scone 0.12 0.3 ICN-sim(prbs31 amp/edge) ICN-sim(prbs31 amp/edge ICN-sim(prbs31 amp/edge 0.8 ICN-sim(prbs7 amp/edge) ICN-sim(prbs7 amp/edge) ICN-sim(prbs7 amp/edge) 0.25 0.2 0.2 0.15 XTK Noise amplitude (mV RMS) (mV RMS) 0.1 0.7 0.6 amplitude () 90.0 0.5 0.4 Noise XTK Noise 0.3 1 0.04 0.1 0.2 0.02 0.05 0.1 1200mVpp 1000mVpp 800mVpp 1200mVpp 1000mVpp 800mVpr 1200mVpp 1000mVpp 800m\/nn Stimulus target amplitude Stimulus target amplitude Stimulus target amplitude

Note: 1) Scope test data in the figures above represent the test data manually peeled with noise floor (RT: 0.747mVRMS, Equi: 0.9mVRMS) of corresponding scope; 2) All the noise data in this experiment is close to or below the scope noise floor, it will be a main test error source.

Aggressor		PRBS7 amp/edge		PRBS31 amp/edge	
aggressor	Amplitude	Equ_Scope	RT_Scope	Equ_Scope	RT_Scope
W1. :	1200	0.0711	0. 2219	0.0088	0.2084
Whisper A2A3	1000	0.0686	0. 2024	0.0145	0.2565
AZAJ	800	0. 0565	0.1745	0.0143	0.2167
	1200	0.0407	0. 0223	0.0494	0.031
Whisper A5A6	1000	0. 0392	0.0142	0.0468	0.0218
АЭАО	800	0. 0153	0. 0158	0.0211	0.0216
Whisper B5B6	1200	0.0371	0. 0339	0.0076	0.0044
	1000	0.04	0. 0265	0.0143	0.0008
	800	0.03605	0.0178	0.0161	0.0022
Max Delta		0.0711	0. 2219	0. 0494	0. 2565

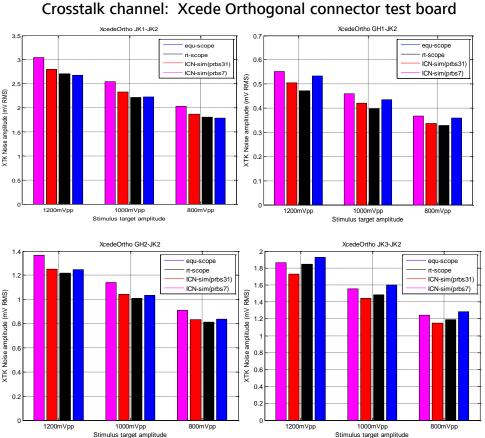
### Difference(delta) between the crosstalk test data and calculated ICN value:

- Data in the green region of the table represents the difference (delta) between measured crosstalk noise data and calculated ICN data;
- 2. ICN calculation only uses aggressor amplitude, edge and crosstalk coupling S-parameter as inputs;
- 3. Data pattern(PRBS7 & PRBS31) only impacts aggressor amplitude and edge in terms of ICN calculation;
- 4. From the results, ICN and measured crosstalk noise data correlate in trends.





## Single Crosstalk ICN Usability Test \_\_Experiment2



Aggressor characteristics: Bertscope, 25Gbps, RBS31, PRBS7

### Difference(delta) between the crosstalk test data and calculated ICN value:

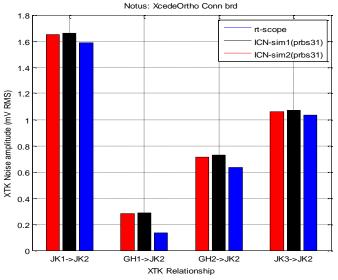
Aggressor		PRBS7 amp/edge		PRBS31 amp/edge	
Aggressor	Amplitude	Equ_Scope	RT_Scope	Equ_Scope	RT_Scope
VODDD	1200	0.3641	0.3342	0. 1229	0.093009
XCEDE JK1	1000	0. 3161	0. 3225	0.1066	0.113036
111	800	0. 2434	0.225906	0.0799	0.062406
XCEDE	1200	0.0187	0.078998	0.0276	0.032698
GH1	1000	0. 0246	0.063377	0.0157	0.023077
0111	800	0.009	0.039699	0.0223	0.008399
XCEDE	1200	0. 1183	0.147091	0.0038	0.032591
GH2	1000	0. 1041	0.129984	0.0043	0.030184
0112	800	0.074	0.096742	0.0035	0.019242
VCEDE	1200	0.0633	0.013988	0.1965	0.119212
XCEDE JK3	1000	0.045	0.072692	0.16	0.042308
	800	0.0418	0.054597	0.1327	0.036303
Max Delta		0. 3641	0. 3342	0. 1965	<b>0.</b> 1192

- In this experiment, crosstalk noise is mostly bigger than the scope noise floor, so the test results are much more stable;
- 2. From the results, ICN data matches pretty well with measured crosstalk noise data under single aggressor case;
- 3. In these experiments, it is recognized that the specific RT scope is working more stable and will be used for the following tests.



## Single Crosstalk ICN Usability Test \_\_Experiment3

### Aggressor characteristics: IBM NotusV1, 25Gbps, PRBS31 Crosstalk channel: Xcede Orthogonal connector test board



	RT_Scope	Test Data	Calcula	ited ICN	Del	ta
	Raw Data	Noise	Sim1: Calculated			Delta Between
Aggressor Test	Test	floor peeled	ICN under amp/edge 1	ICN under	Sim1 and	Sim2 and Test Data
JK1->JK2	1.7664	1.5871	1.6591	1.65	0.072	0.0629
GH1->JK2	0.797	0.135	0.2883	0.2813	0.1533	0.1463
GH2->JK2	1.00266	0.6355	0.7298	0.715	0.0943	0.0795
JK3->JK2	1.2905	1.0316	1.071	1.0579	0.0394	0.0263
			•	Max delta	0. 1533	0. 1463

### Note:

- 1. Data in the green region of the table represents the difference (delta) between measured crosstalk noise data and calculated ICN data;
- 2. In this experiment, ICN data matches pretty well with measured crosstalk noise data under single aggressor case.

Summary of Single crosstalk ICN usability verification:

- 1. From the 3 experiments, ICN data can correlate pretty well with measured crosstalk noise data under single aggressor cases when crosstalk noise is not covered by scope noise floor;
- 2. For the cases when crosstalk noise is close to or covered by the scope noise floor, test accuracy is degraded. Still, it can be concluded that ICN calculation is still valid under single aggressor cases.



## **Multi-Crosstalk RMS Sum Verification**

Multi-crosstalk RMS sum formula:

$$N = \sqrt{n_1^2 + n_2^2 + \dots n_i^2}$$

Step1. Test the RMS value of each single crosstalk:

Aggressor Label	Test XTK Noise Data (Noise floor peeled)
A-> V	1.5871
B-> V	0.135
$C \rightarrow V$	0.6355
D-> V	1.0316

'Calculated Data' is acquired from the RMS sum of the single crosstalk RMS values.

Step2. Test the total noise RMS value of multiple crosstalks , then comparing to the RMS sum of each single crosstalk's RMS value:

	RT Scope Test Data		Calculated Data		Delta	
	Uriginal test Data	Floor	Calculated XTK with Noise Floor Reserved	with Noise		the blue
A+B-> V	1.784	1.617	1. 781	1.6139	0.003	0.0031
B+C-> V	1.0345	0.7091	1.0283	0.7	0.0062	0.0091
A+C-> V	1.9154	1.761	1.885	1.728	0.0304	0. 033
C+D-> V	1.45447	1.24419	1.45	1.239	0.00447	0.00519
A+D-> V	2.04936	1.90588	2.0538	1.911	0.00444	0.00512
A+B+C-> V	1.91285	1.75827	1.89967	1.744	0.01318	0. 01427
A+B+D-> V	2.08737	1.9467	2.066	1.924	0. 02137	0. 0227
B+C+D-> V	1.482205	1.2765	1.4679	1.26	0.014305	0.0165
A+C+D-> V	2.176625	2.042	2.15769	2.022	0. 018935	0.02
A+B+C+D-> V	2. 19125	2.0577	2.169683	2.0347	0. 021567	0. 023
		Max Delta	0.0304	0. 033		

>>Summary:

- The delta error introduced by the crosstalk power sum algorithm is less than 1%.
- 2. Multi-crosstalk RMS sum algorithm is valid.



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## **Multi-Crosstalk ICN RMS Sum Verification**

RMS sum formula of multi-crosstalk ICN:  $\sigma_x = \sqrt{\sigma_{sx}^2 + \sigma_{fx}^2}$ 

(The underlying meaning is that the power sum algorithm in the frequency domain stand.)

For the verification method, please refer to P3. In the table below:

1. Data in the 'RT Scope Test' column represents the multi-crosstalk noise measured results (scope noise floor is peeled);

2. Data in the 'Calculated ICN' column represents the calculated ICN data of multi-crosstalk noise through RMS sum of each crosstalk's ICN value.

	RT Scope Test	Scope Test Calculated ICN		Delta	
	Test Noise	Sim1:	Sim2:	Delta	Delta
Aggressor	Data with	Calculated	Calculated	Between	Between
Label	Noise Floor	ICN under	ICN under	Sim1 and	Sim2 and
	Peeled	amp/edge 1	amp/edge 2	Test Data	Test Data
A+B−> V	1.617	1.68396	1.6738	0. 06696	0.0568
B+C-> V	0.7091	0. 78468	0.7683	0.07558	0.0592
A+C-> V	1.761	1.8125	1.7983	0.0515	0.0373
C+D-> V	1.24419	1.296	1.27686	0.05181	0.03267
A+D-> V	1. 90588	1.97475	1.96	0.06887	0.05412
A+B+C-> V	1.75827	1.8353	1.82	0.07703	0.06173
A+B+D-> V	1.9467	1.995688	1.98	0. 048988	0. 0333
B+C+D-> V	1.2765	1.32769	1.30748	0.05119	0.03098
A+C+D-> V	2.042	2. 10529	2.086355	0.06329	0. 044355
A+B+C+D-> V	2.0577	2. 12494	2.1052	0.06724	0.0475
			Max delta	0. 07703	0.06173

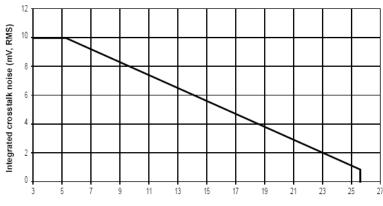
From this experiment, the 'RT Scope Test' data and the 'Calculated ICN' data matches pretty well, the delta error between the two is less than 1%. It can be concluded that multi-crosstalk ICN RMS sum algorithm is valid.



## Summary

- ICN metric in quantifying link crosstalk is valid, under the condition that aggressor data pattern is PRBS31 alike (for example 64B/66B coding).
- It is recommended to measure the RMS value of crosstalk noise instead of the peak-to-peak amplitude. (The latter depends a lot on test time)
- In the cases that scope noise floor is bigger than or close to the target crosstalk noise under test, it is reliable to get the crosstalk noise data from ICN calculation.

ICN mask defined in current or upcoming 25G standards gives the relationship between the SerDes driving capability (described by through link insertion loss) and link crosstalk amount (ICN), it solves the partial ICR mask violation problem in certain extent.



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rtain extent. It is recommended to use ICN as an input parameter for stress channel simulation in high speed links, to help the users generate ICN masks of their links using different SerDes

speed links, to help the users generate ICN masks of their links using different SerDes models. ICN noise can be represented by a Gaussian white noise.

### ICN mask defined in CEI-25G-LR:

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# Thank you

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