

Model Connection Protocol extensions for Mixed Signal SiP

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Agenda

- **Why Model Connection Protocol**
- **Model Connection Protocol overview**
- **Extensions required for Mixed Signal SiP**
- **MCP Applications**
- **Summary**

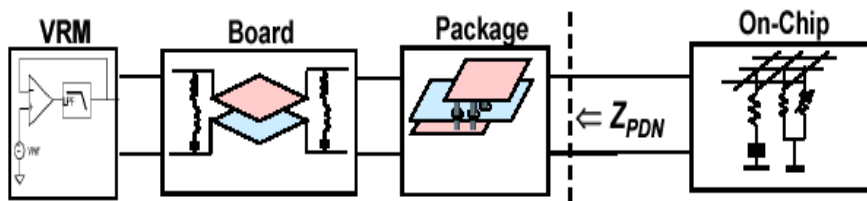


Why Model Connection Protocol

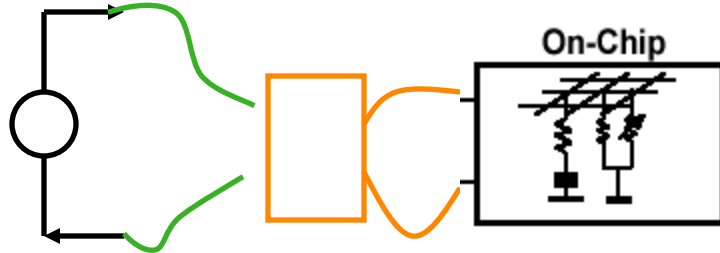
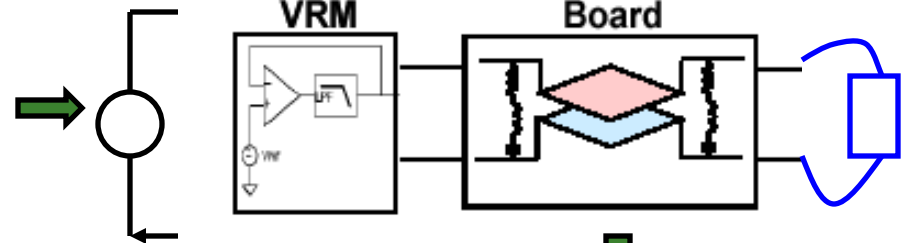
- IC/Pkg/Board PDN Co-design

- Design low impedance path: supply to chip

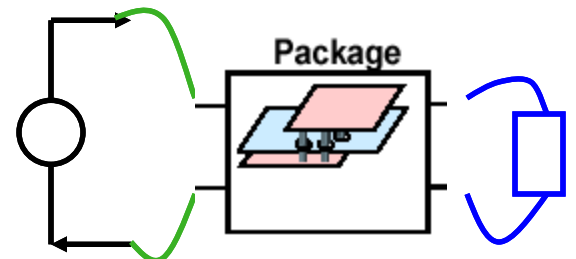
PI as a system level problem



PI design on board



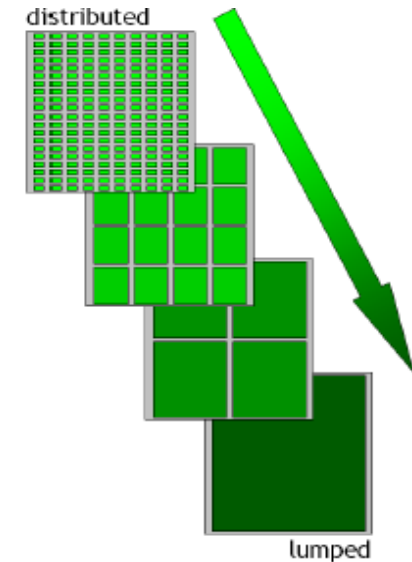
PI design on IC



PI design on package

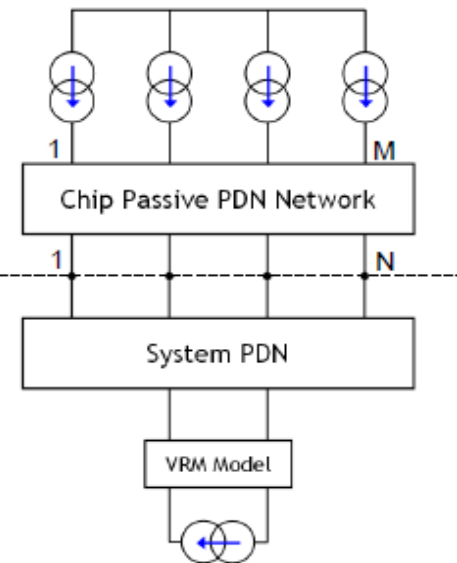
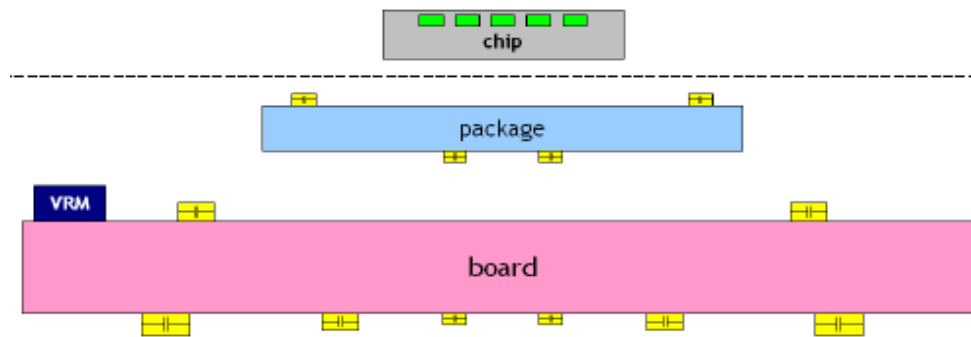
Why Model Connection Protocol

- IC/Pkg/Board PDN Co-design



Chip PDN models can vary from 2-node to N-nodes, where N is the number of physical pins.

There can be 1 to M current sources, where M may be much larger than N.



Why Model Connection Protocol

- IC/Pkg/Board PDN Co-design

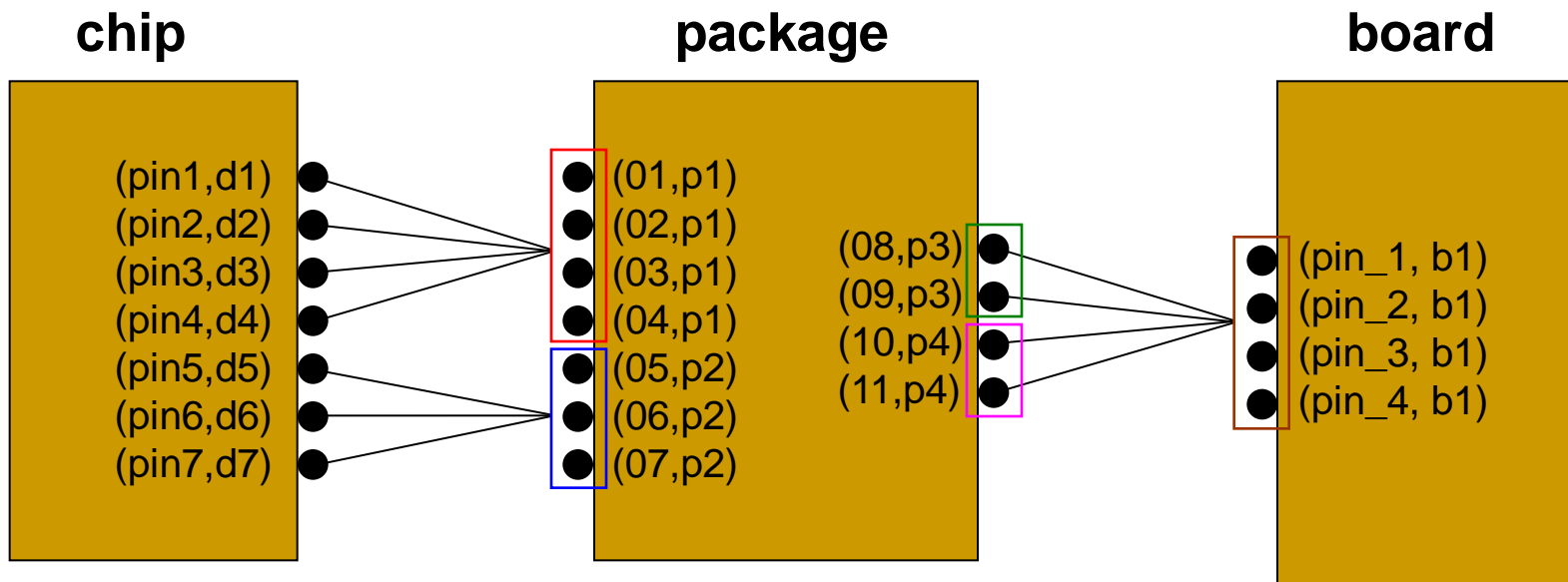
- Chip/Package/Board have many physical connections
 - Chip-Package Boundary: 100-6000
 - Package-Board Boundary: 100-3000
- Not all electrical nodes can have per-pin resolution
 - Models may become too large for computation, simulation
- Need way to group pins and auto-connect models across IC/Pkg/Board

MCP Overview

- Establish mapping

■ Pin grouping and mapping

- physical pin (of layout) to electrical node (of model) per Net
- Mapping to connecting structure using physical location



Example of VDD net across chip-pkg-board

MCP Overview

- Establish mapping

```
.subckt chip  d1 d2 d3 d4 d5 d6 d7
* [MCP Begin]
* [MCP Ver] 1.1
* [Structure Type] DIE
* [MCP Source] chip extraction tool
* [Coordinate Unit] um
* [Connection] pkg1 pkg_bumps 7
* [Connection Type] PKG
* [Power Nets]
*   pin1 d1 VDD 0 0
*   pin2 d2 VDD 0 100
*   pin3 d3 VDD 100 0
*   pin4 d4 VDD 100 100
*   pin5 d5 VDD 50 0
*   pin6 d6 VDD 50 50
*   pin7 d7 VDD 50 100
* [MCP End]
--- SPICE elements ---
.ends
```

```
.subckt package  p1 p2 p3 p4
* [MCP Begin]
* [MCP Ver] 1.1
* [Structure Type] PKG
* [MCP Source] package extraction tool
* [Coordinate Unit] um
* [Connection] die1 myCPU 7
* [Connection Type] DIE
* [Power Nets]


|    |    |     |     |     |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|
| 01 | p1 | VDD | 0   | 0   |
| 02 | p1 | VDD | 0   | 100 |
| 03 | p1 | VDD | 100 | 0   |
| 04 | p1 | VDD | 100 | 100 |
| 05 | p2 | VDD | 50  | 0   |
| 06 | p2 | VDD | 50  | 50  |
| 07 | p2 | VDD | 50  | 100 |


* [Connection] board1 my_board 4
* [Connection Type] PCB
* [Power Nets]
*   08 p3 VDD 0 0
*   09 p3 VDD 0 200
*   10 p4 VDD 200 0
*   11 p4 VDD 200 200
* [MCP End]
--- SPICE elements ---
.ends
```

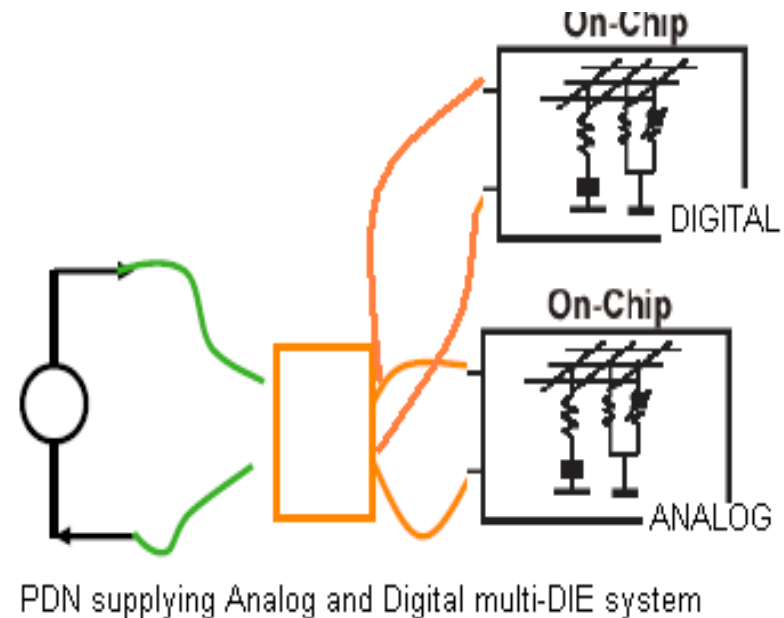
Pins of net
Electrical node
Netname
X-Y loc of pin

```
.subckt board  b1
* [MCP Begin]
* [MCP Ver] 1.1
* [Structure Type] PCB
* [MCP Source] board extraction tool
* [Coordinate Unit] mm
* [Connection] pkg1 pkg_balls 4
* [Connection Type] PKG
* [Power Nets]
*   pin_1 b1 VDD 0.0 0.0
*   pin_2 b1 VDD 0.0 0.2
*   pin_3 b1 VDD 0.2 0.0
*   pin_4 b1 VDD 0.2 0.2
* [MCP End]
--- SPICE elements ---
.ends
```

Example of VDD net across chip-pkg-board

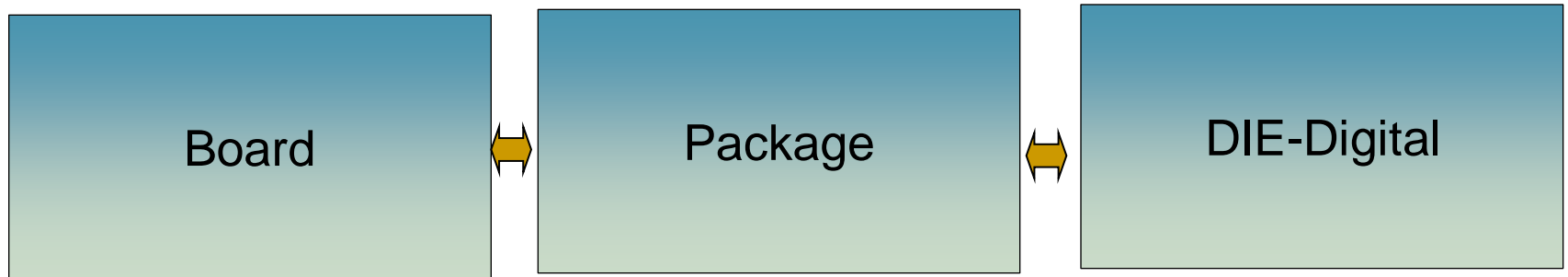
MCP Extensions for Mixed Signal SiP

- Analyze power-delivery to ICs when Package rails supply power to
 - different ICs that could be digital and/or analog
 - RF-modules and Passive/Active SMDs
- Need Schematic driven Mixed Signal Simulations to process IR-drop at power-rails

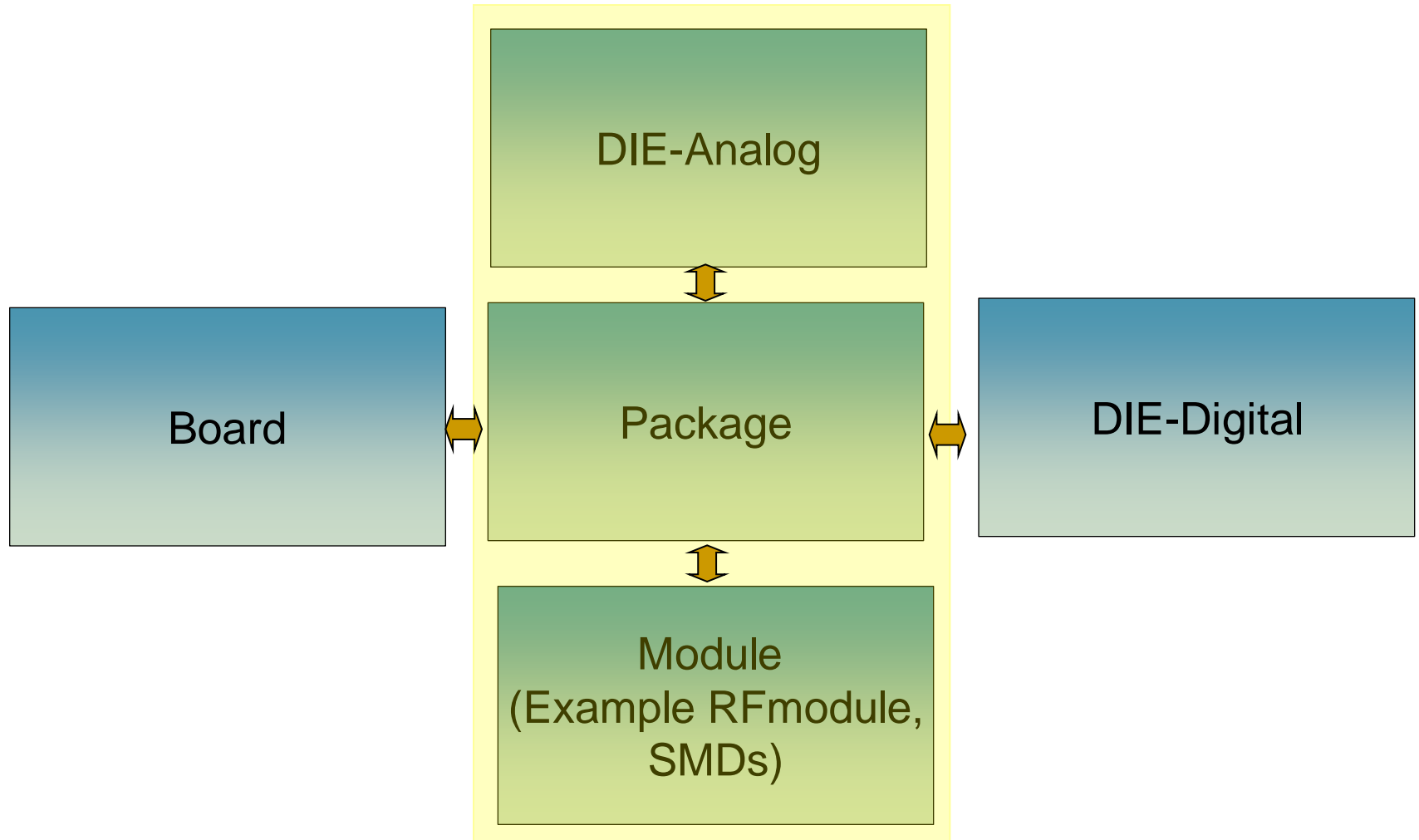


MCP Extensions for Mixed Signal SiP

-Current MCP scope

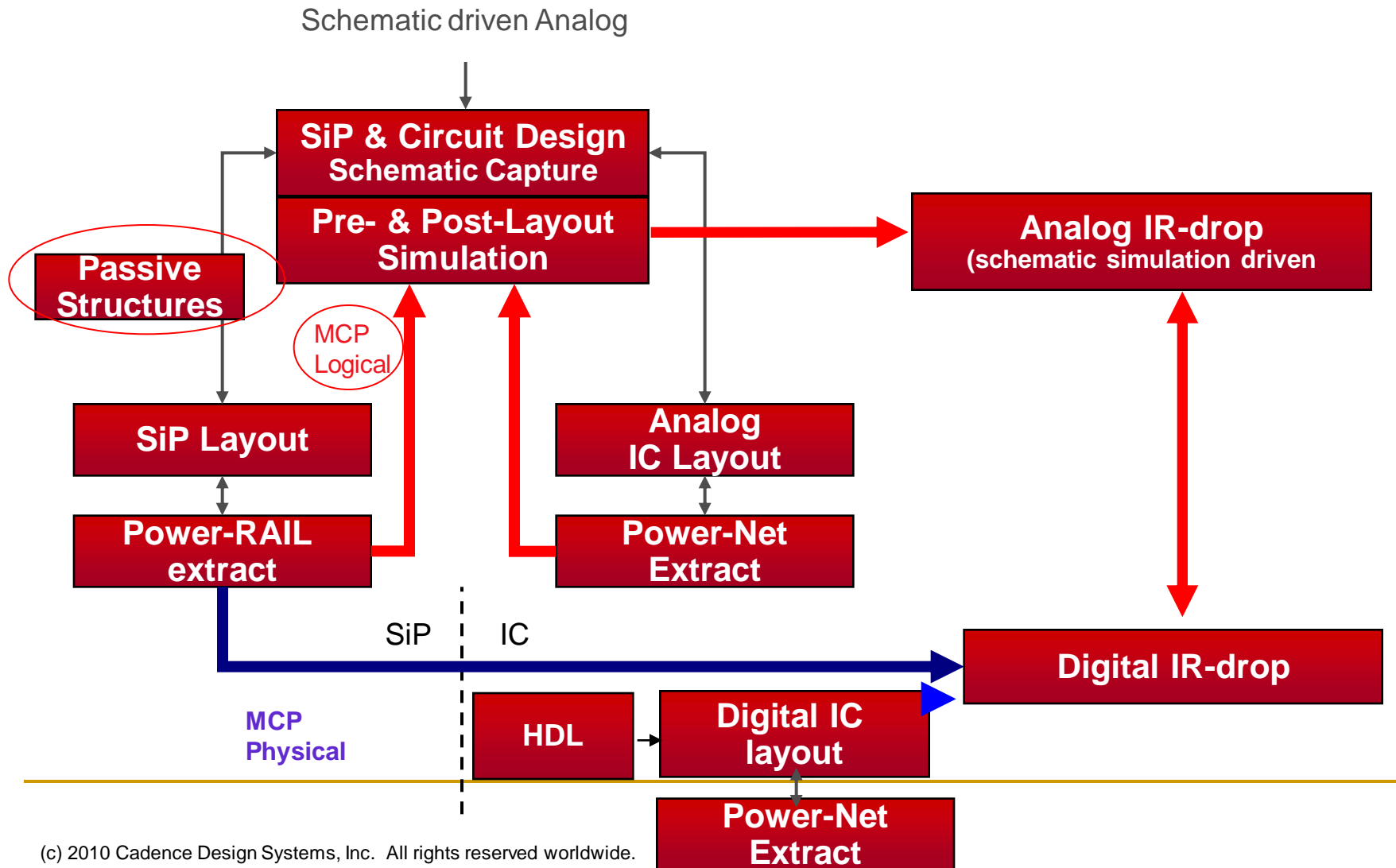


MCP Extensions for Mixed Signal SiP



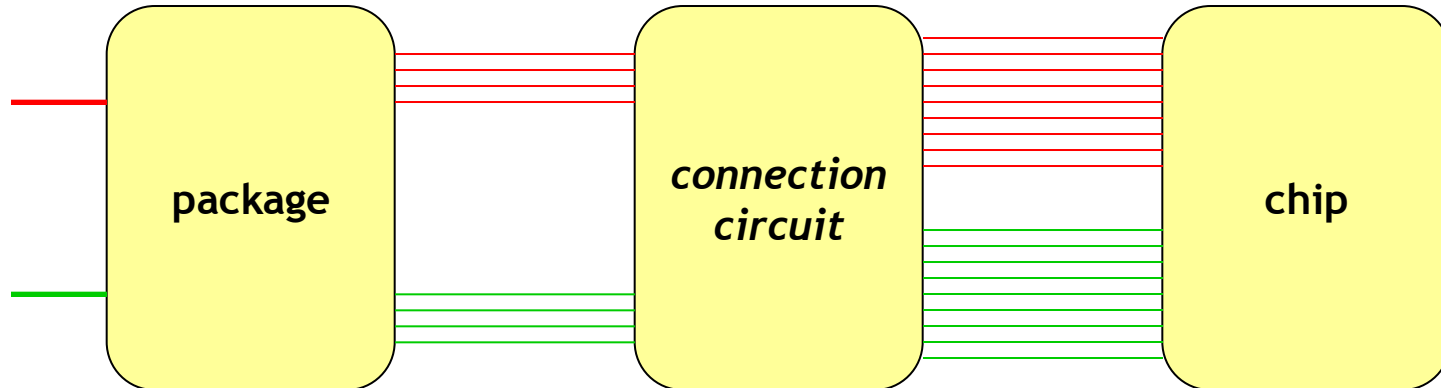
MCP Extensions for Mixed Signal SiP

- Mixed Signal IR-drop Task Flow



MCP Extensions for Mixed Signal SiP

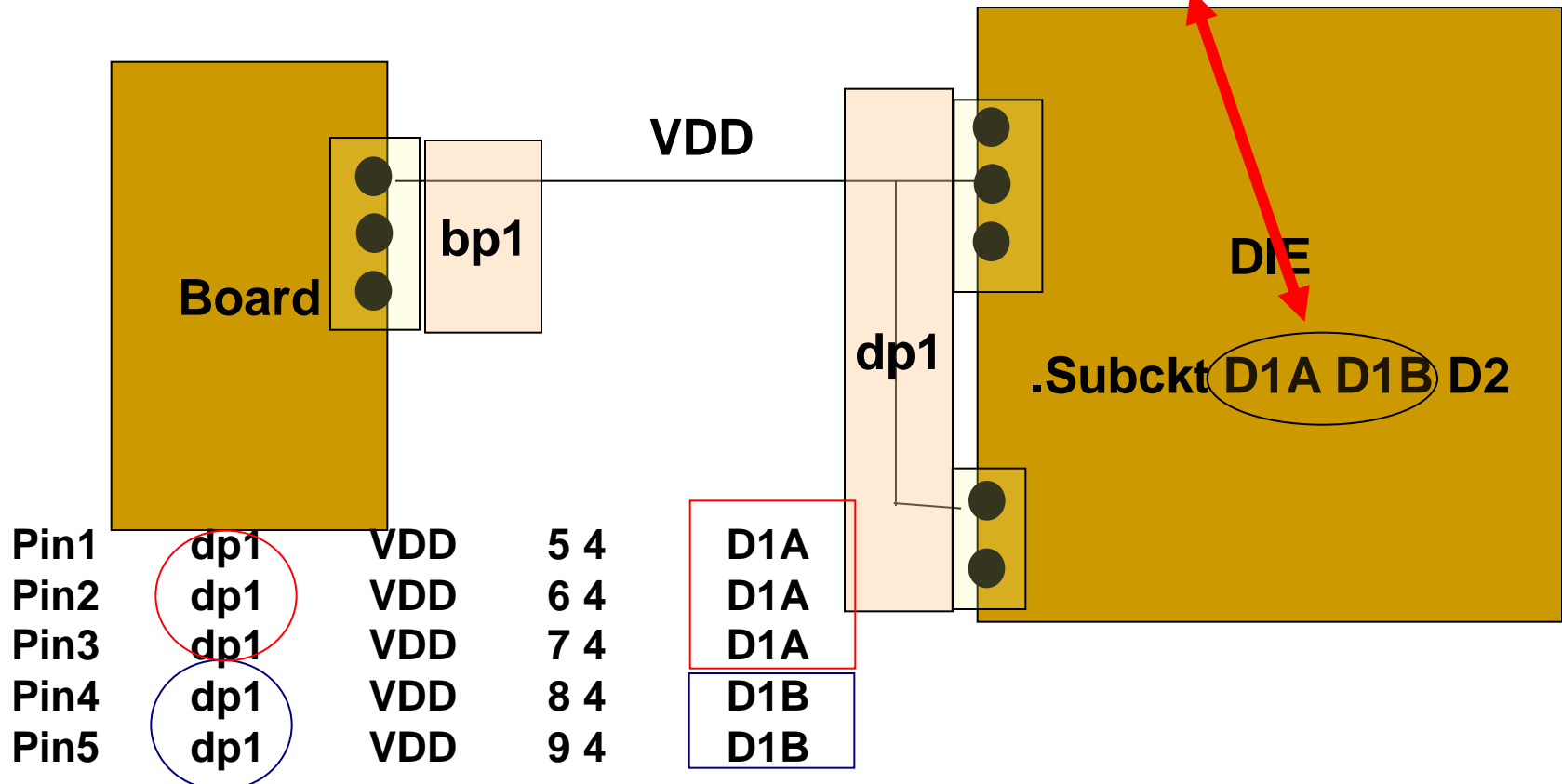
- Electrical connectivity of models with disparate pin grouping
- Support for mapping of different electrical port-groups across different structures
 - As an example
 - a package model with 2-by-2 grid-based pin grouping
 - a chip model with 3-by-3 grid-based pin grouping
 - desired is an electrical circuit to interface between an 8 node circuit and an 18 node circuit



MCP Extensions for Mixed Signal SiP

- Optional Column for mapping of electrical nodes across structures

Package: .Subckt bp1 dp1



MCP Extensions for Mixed Signal SiP

- Caution: Electrical connectivity with disparate pin grouping

■ Examine the nodes of the each net

- for overlapping pin group domains, the corresponding nodes are shorted together

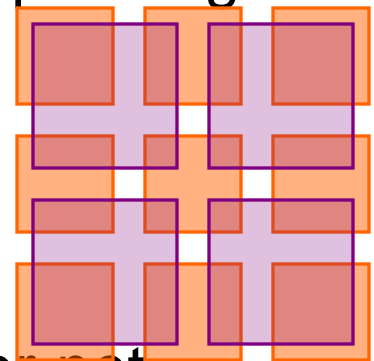
- (1,1) node shorts together {(1,1), (1,2), (2,1), (2,2)} nodes
- (1,2) node shorts together {(1,2), (1,3), (2,2), (2,3)} nodes
- (2,1) node shorts together {(2,1), (2,2), (3,1), (3,2)} nodes
- (2,2) node shorts together {(2,2), (2,3), (3,2), (3,3)} nodes

alternately

- (2,2) node shorts together {(1,1), (1,2), (2,1), (2,2)} nodes

- all nodes are shorted together, reducing to per-net connectivity

- instead of 8 or 18 node electrical connectivity it is actually 2 node connectivity



■ Recommendation

- Connecting two disparately pin-grouped models is possible by choosing to short together electrical nodes that have overlapping pin domains

- but it can reduce the effective resolution of the model at the chip/package interface
- Useful in case of early debugging and quick connectivity

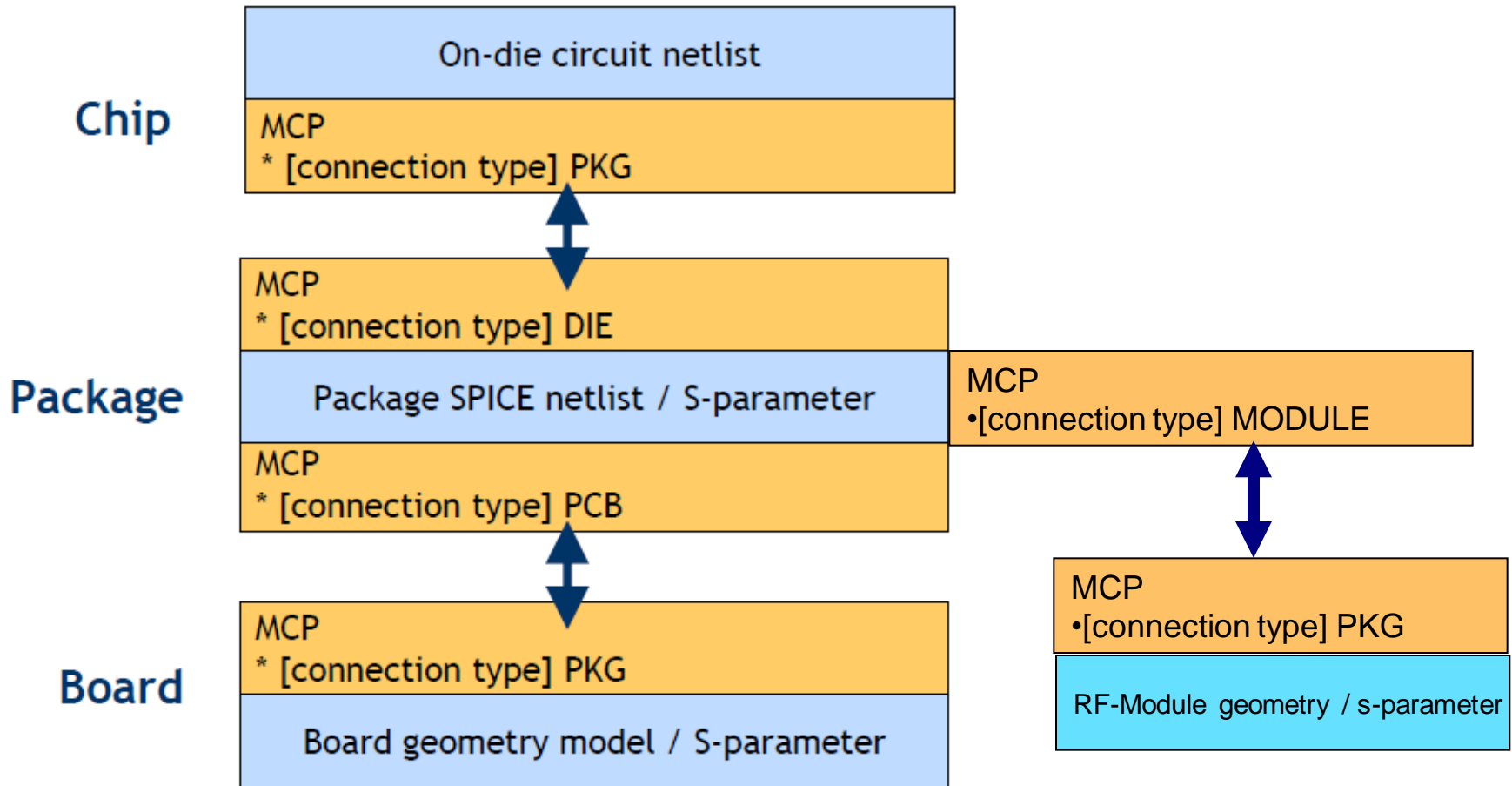
Extensions over existing MCP

- Support for Modules as connect type structures

- Mixed Signal SiPs would have elements other than ICs like
 - RFmodules
 - Metal Passive structures
 - SMD components
 - Silicon Interposers
- These structures draw power impacting PDN loading and hence we need to support [Module] category besides IC, Package and Board

Extensions over existing MCP

- Support for Modules as connect type structures



Extensions over existing MCP

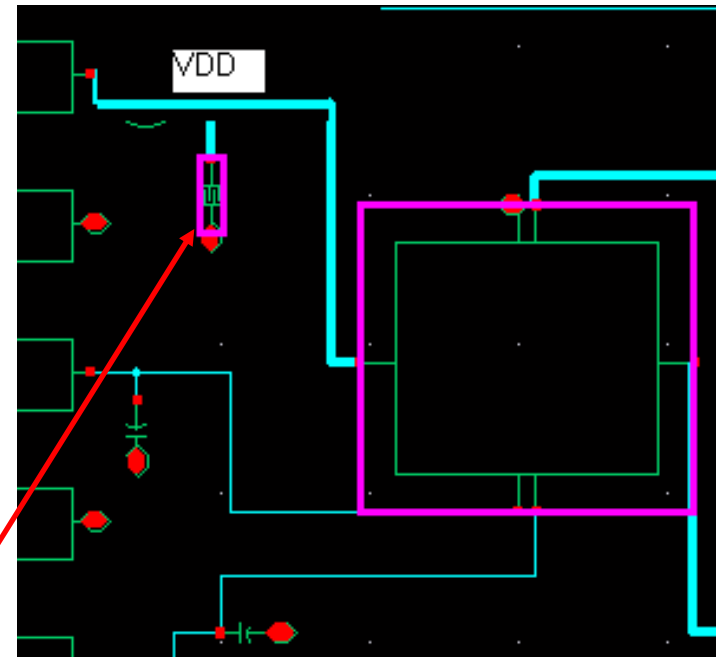
- Connection by Refdes besides X-Y location

- In order to connect to structures that are SMD or metal-passive structures on SiP – usually a case for Mixed Signal SiP, it becomes difficult to connect by X-Y locations.
- Early analysis may require quick way of stitching the models across structures and minor placement or resolution changes can cause X-Y mapping to fail.
- Optional column showing connection by REFDES makes easy mapping for Mixed-Signal modules and early trials
 - Examples of connecting interfaces could be
 - IO-cellname (DIE IO)
 - R1:1 (pin 1 of R1)
 - CONN:1 (pin1 of PCB connector)
 - my_model_opamp:3 (port-3 of opamp subcircuit)

Extensions over existing MCP

- Connection by Refdes besides X-Y location

- Simulating Analog DIE in package schematics with loading from passive structures connected to DIE
- The simulation data is post-processed to obtain IR-drop at power-rails



[connection type MODULE]

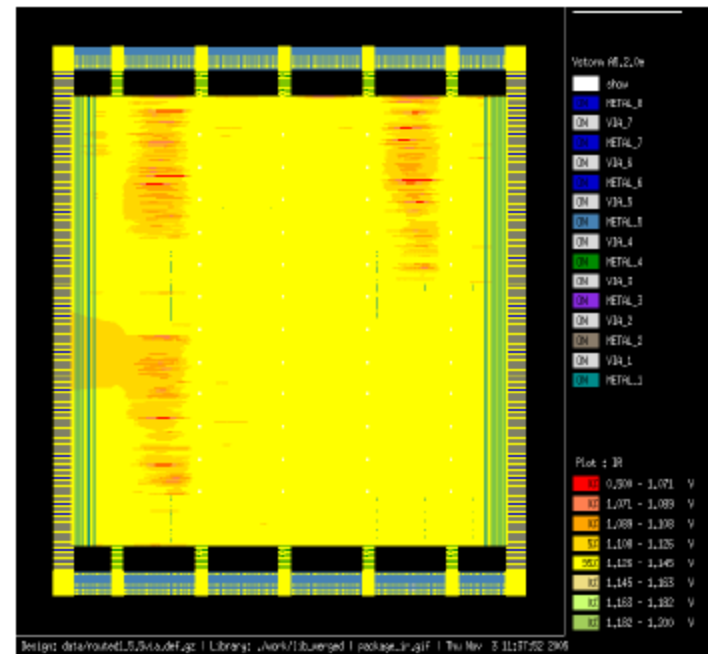
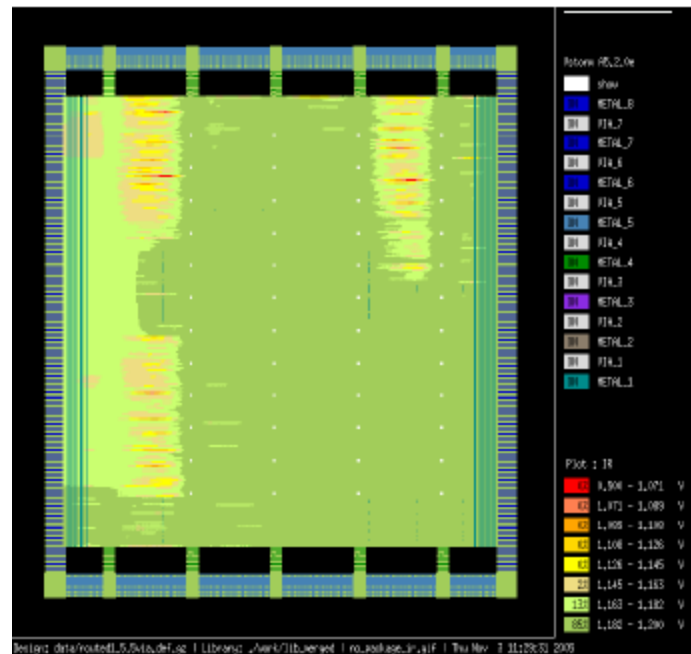
Pin1	dp1	VDD	5 4
Pin2	dp1	VDD	6 4
Pin3	dp1	VDD	7 4

varistor1:2 //Reference_design:pin//
varistor2:2

MCP applications: Digital DIE IR-drop

- Digital DIE in context of package model

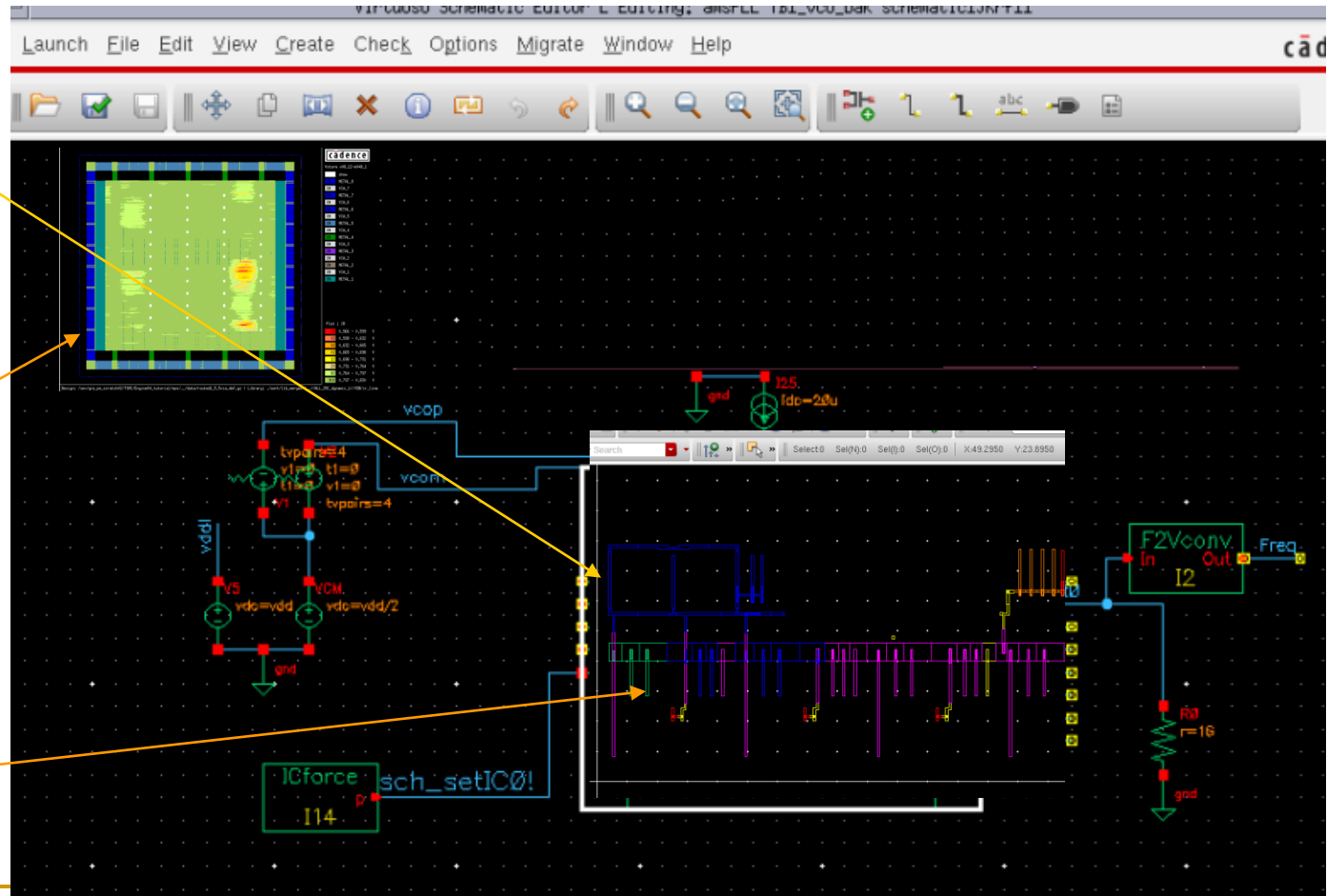
Simulation results of Vdd rail: Dynamic IR-Drop



MCP applications: Analog DIE IR-drop

-Analog DIE in context of package model & Digital DIE-models

- Analog DIE test-bench with power-rail model
- Digital DIE model connected to represent loading of power-rail
- Analog DIE IR-drop post simulations



Summary: MCP format updated in context of Mixed Signal contents

```

* [MCP Begin]
* [MCP Ver] 1.1
* [Structure Type] {DIE|PKG|PCB} Device Info (self)
* [MCP Source] source text
* [Coordinate Unit] unit Device Info (external)
* [Connection] connectionName partName numberPhysicalPins
* [Connection Type] {DIE|PKG|PCB} Module Connection Info
*
* [Power Nets]
*   pinName modelName netName x y I/F electrical I/F part-ref
*   ... node column column
*   pinName modelName netName x y
* [Ground Nets]
*   pinName modelName netName x y
*   ... Pin Info
*   pinName modelName netName x y
* [Signal Nets]
*   pinName modelName netName x y
*   ...
*   pinName modelName netName x y
* [MCP End]

```

The diagram illustrates the MCP format structure with several annotations and arrows:

- Device Info (self):** Points to the `[Structure Type]` field.
- Device Info (external):** Points to the `[Coordinate Unit]` field.
- Module:** Points to the `[Connection Type]` field.
- Connection Info:** Points to the `[Connection]` field.
- I/F electrical node column:** Points to the `x y` columns in the `[Power Nets]` and `[Ground Nets]` sections.
- I/F part-ref column:** Points to the `partName` column in the `[Connection]` field.
- Pin Info:** Points to the `pinName` column in the `[Ground Nets]` and `[Signal Nets]` sections.

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