

#### **European IBIS Summit at SPI 2011**



# The Golden Waveform for QA?

**Manfred Maurer** 

manfred.maurer@siemens.com

**Christian Sporrer** 

christian.sporrer@infineon.com



### **Overview**



### Quality Assurance (QA) – important modeling aspect

- By Quality Report
- By Golden Waveform (GWF)

Golden Waveform Example

**Outlook** 



# **Quality Report**



Essential QA requirement from IBIS model users is the comparison of SPICE and IBIS simulation results for dedicated test cases.

- By Quality Report:
  - Huge effort for running the simulations and writing the text document.
  - Mostly done by hand.



## **Quality Report**



#### □ PRO

- > Parameters and values are defined.
- > Procedures for deriving the IBIS data.
- > Interpretation of the IBIS-curves.
- **Comprehensive IBIS-model information.**
- Quality of the model is quantified.

#### CON

- > NO standardized format for automated use!
- > NO automated way for checking QA criteria.



## **Quality Report**



# Why not use the GWF container to concentrate all Quality Information?

- The actual defined Golden Waveforms contains the quintessence of Quality Requirements.
  - → The user can evaluate the Quality of the IBIS Model by simulating with the TEST\_LOAD.
  - → The vendor can use the same methodology for extracting GWF as for generating the normal waveform data.



### **Additional GWF Information**



- By Golden Waveform (GWF):
  - Use of GWF container also for representing a IBIS waveform with TEST\_LOAD.
  - The simulation setup for SPICE can be reused for IBIS (Simple change of buffer instance e.g. in HSPICE).
  - Waveform comparison with customer IBIS tool waveform viewer (all relevant information is available via the model)
     NO need to simulate, to evaluate the model quality.
  - New KEYWORD needed.
  - Easy way for automation.



### **Testload Definition**





```
V term1
                                       receiver model name
NEAR
            Rp1 near \
                                  \ Rp1 far
                                        Ls far Rs far
 Rs near Ls near
                                     --0--0000--/\7\--0-
                                       | C2 far
 | C1 near
        C2 near |
                                               C1 far
                               Rp2 far
                  Rp2 near
GND
                                                     GND
```

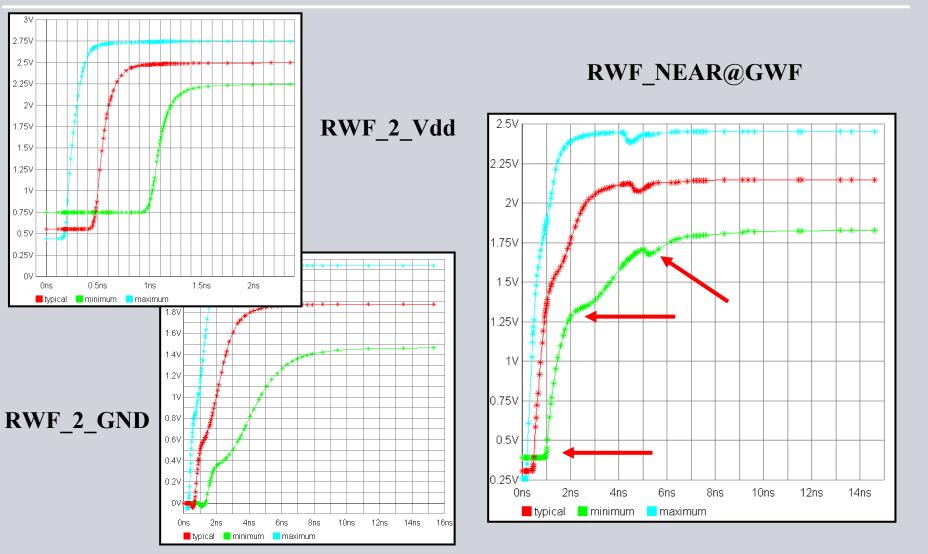
```
= 2.0000000e-12
C1_near
         = 2.7000000e+01
Rs near
         = 1.0000000e-15
Ls near
         = 1.0000000e-12
Rp1 near = 1.0000000e+09
Rp2_near = 1.0000000e+09
         = 2.0000000e-09
Zo
         = 5.00000000e+01
         = 1.0000000e+02
Rp1_far
Rp2_far
         = 1.0000000e+02
C2 far
         = 1.0000000e-12
Ls_far
         = 2.5000000e-10
         = 1.0000000e-06
Rs far
         = 2.0000000e-12
C1 far
```



# Example of a GWF



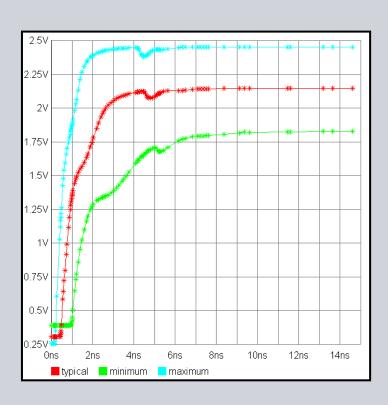






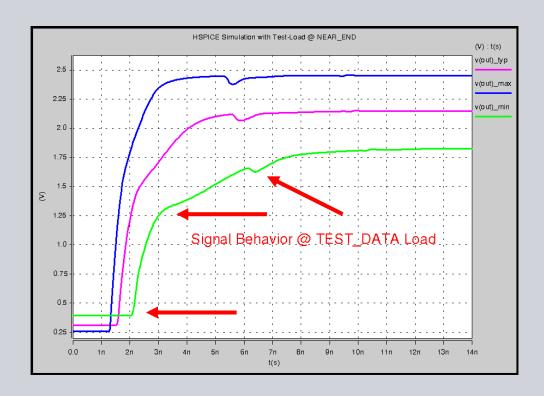
# **Comparison GWF vs. HSPICE**





#### RWF\_NEAR@GWF

#### **RWF** @ **NEAR** with **HSPICE**





### Test Data / GWF



#### □ PRO

- > Well defined Test Load.
- > GWF generation with the same procedure as the IBIS model.
- Automated procedure for model evaluation.
- ➤ Automated procedure for model usability test, correlation IBIS model ←→ EDA-tool /-environment, correlation IBIS model ←→ SPICE simulation.

#### CON

- Numerical problems caused by resonance effects and mismatch of transmission line delay time and signal slew rate.
- > Can result in huge amount of data points.



### Outlook



- ☐ Test Data Golden Waveform for QA?
- **■** Additional Improvements of the GWF:
  - ➤ More Testpoints, than NEAR and FAR?
  - ➤ More pulses or a single R/F-edge?
  - Defined testload, adequate to the IBIS application ?
  - > Automated data handling for the GWF?
  - **▶** IBIS viewer to visualize GWF and quantify the model quality?
  - Criteria to avoid numerical problems ?
  - > Intelligent data compression required.



### **Discussions**



## Thank you for your attention